



LUBRISENSE

Oil Emission Measurement Technology

OIL CONSUMPTION? EXCELLENT!

Lubrisense supports engine makers in their challenging tasks. We develop the best measuring instruments for the optimization of the lube oil consumption.

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Lubrisense at a glance



INSTRUMENTS



on-site

SERVICE



ENGINEERING

Spin-off from Institute of
Measurement Technology at
Hamburg University of
Technology (TUHH)

Office in Hamburg close to
the campus of TUHH

Close cooperation with
research faculty TUHH, IAM

Member from FVV,
Hamburg Economy
Organization,
Research Organization for
combustion engines



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Lubrisense at a second glance



Founder: Prof. Dr. Matz



Partners



Partners

Systems sold

H 1																	He 2						
Li 3	Be 4																	B 5	C 6	N 7	O 8	F 9	Ne 10
Na 11	Mg 12																	Al 13	Si 14	P 15	S 16	Cl 17	Ar 18
K 19	Ca 20	Sc 21	Ti 22	V 23	Cr 24	Mn 25	Fe 26	Co 27	Ni 28	Cu 29	Zn 30	Ga 31	Ge 32	As 33	Se 34	Br 35	Kr 36						

Lubrisense 1200

Lubrisense 320

LUB360

Lubrisense 1200
 Lubrisense 320
 LUB360



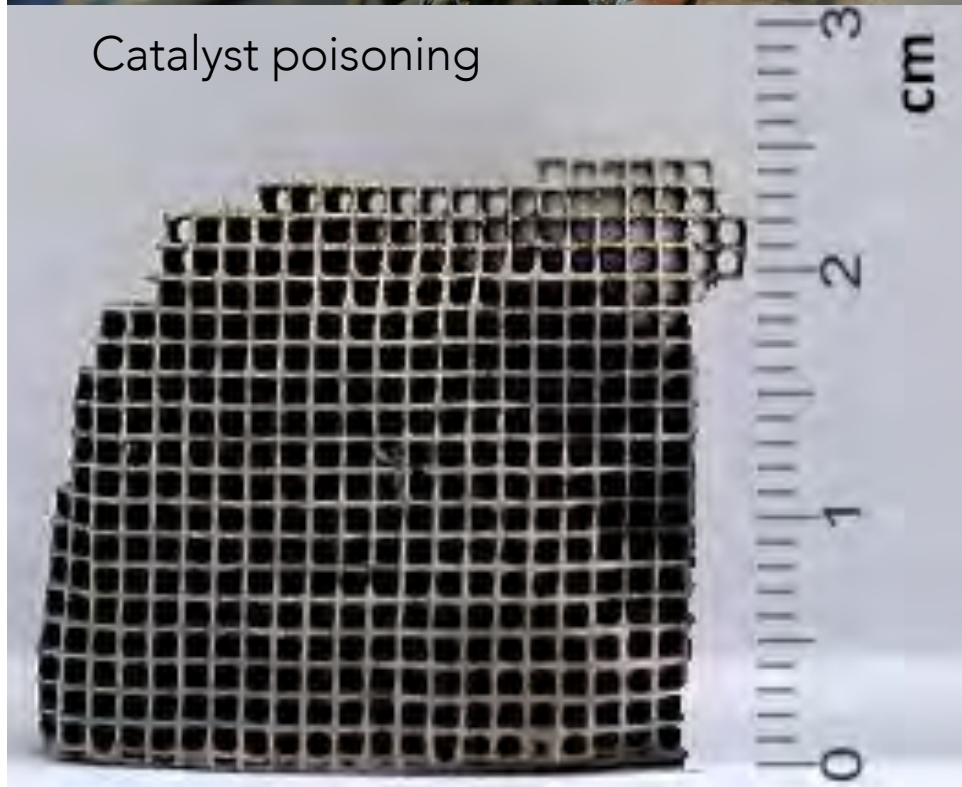
Why?



Customer requirements



Emission regulations

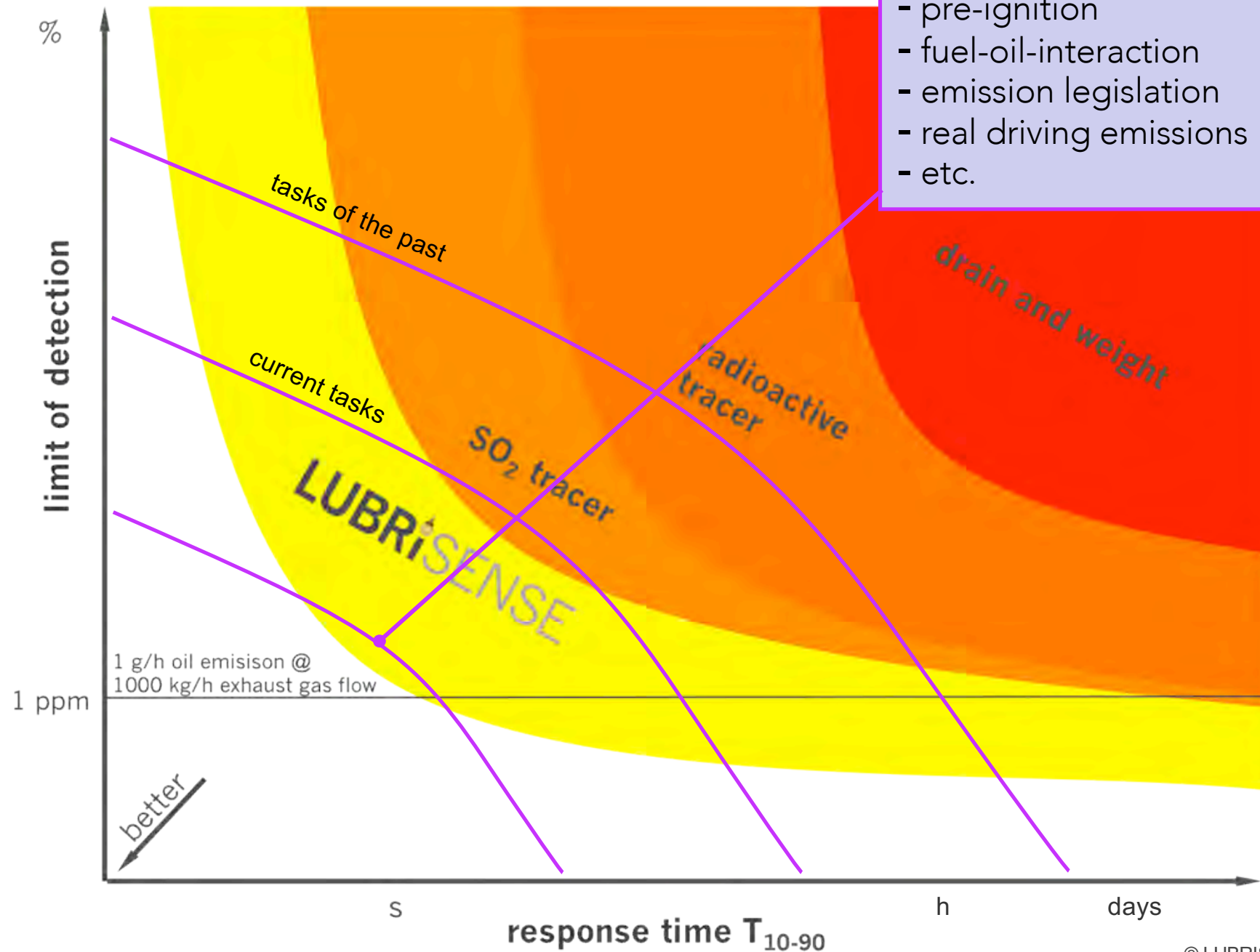


Catalyst poisoning



Real driving emissions

- Bio fuels
- fuel entrainment
- pre-ignition
- fuel-oil-interaction
- emission legislation
- real driving emissions
- etc.

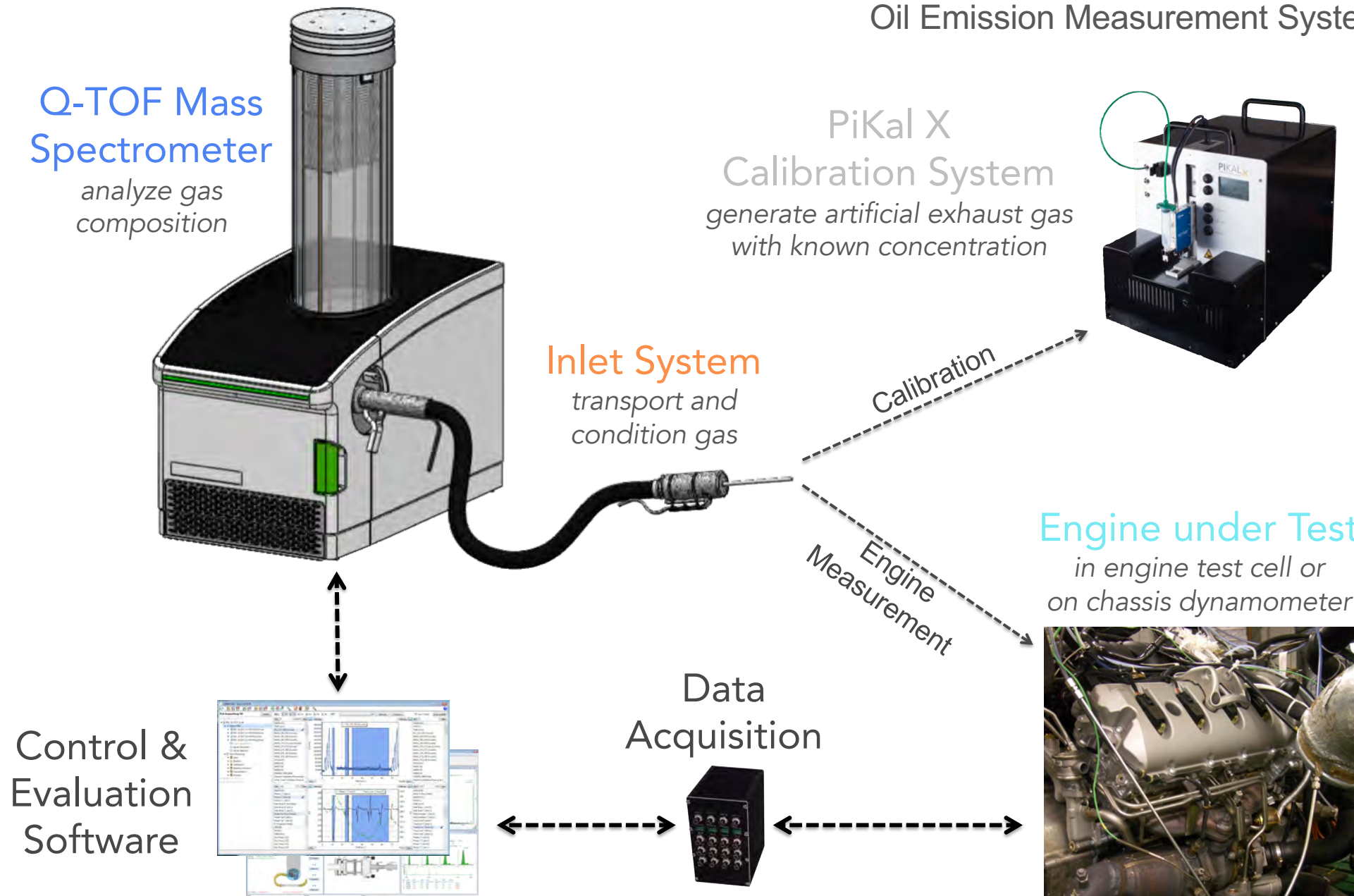



PerkinElmer
For the Better
AxION iQT



LUB  **360**

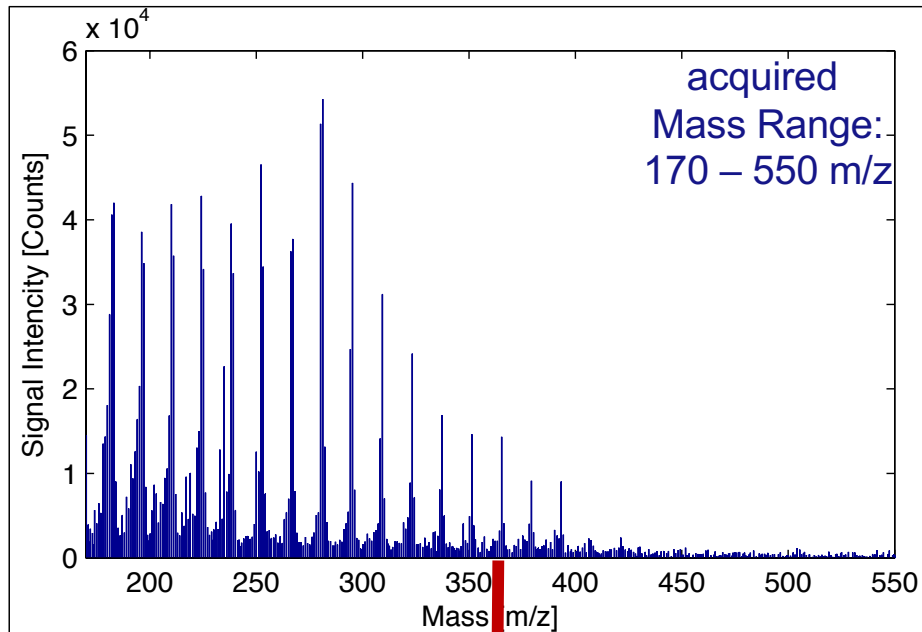




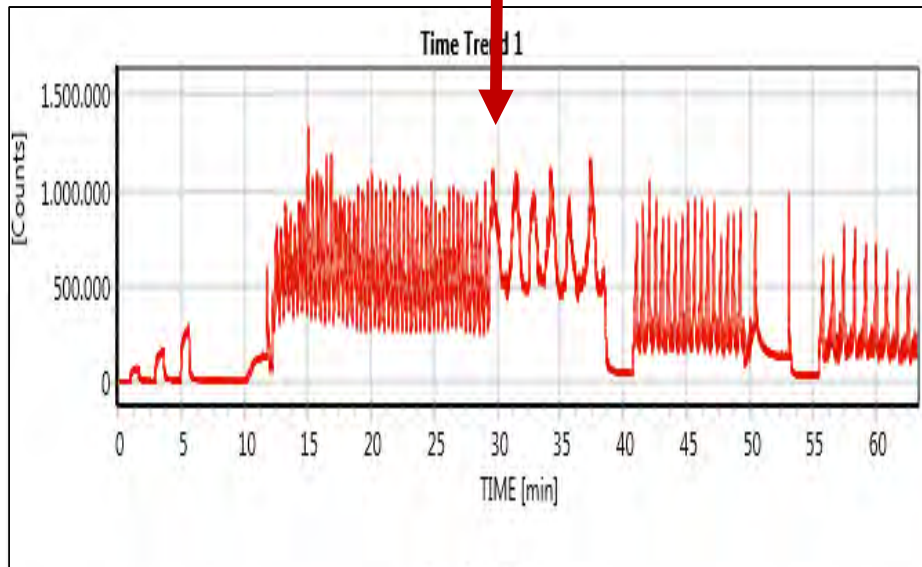
LUB360 Signal Processing

Mass Spectrum and Time Trend Data

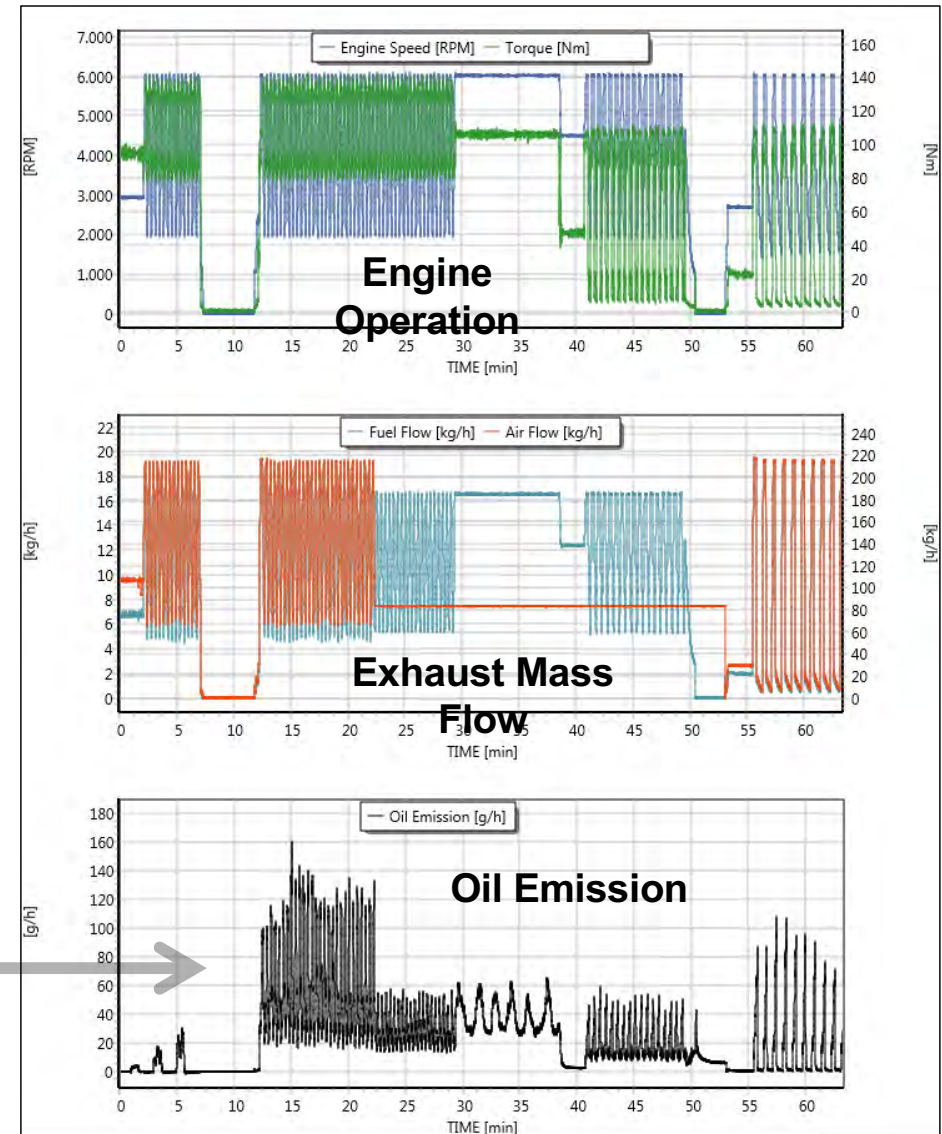
Mass Spectrum



Time Trend Data

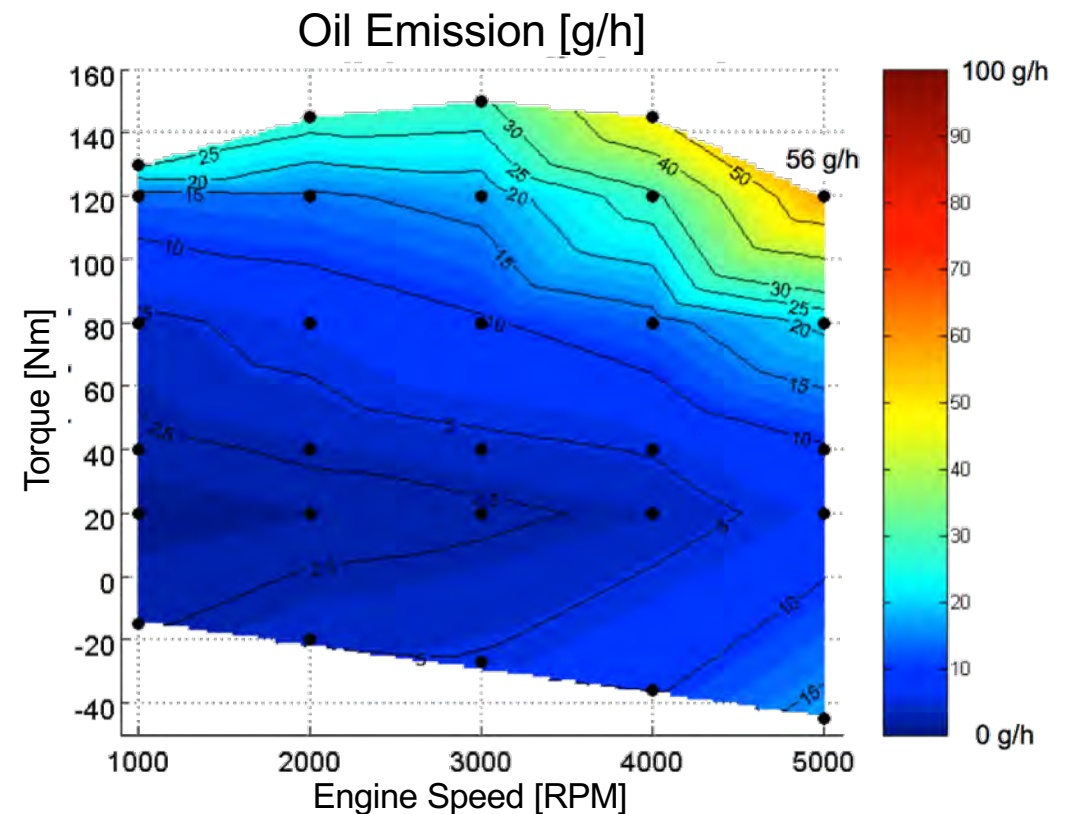
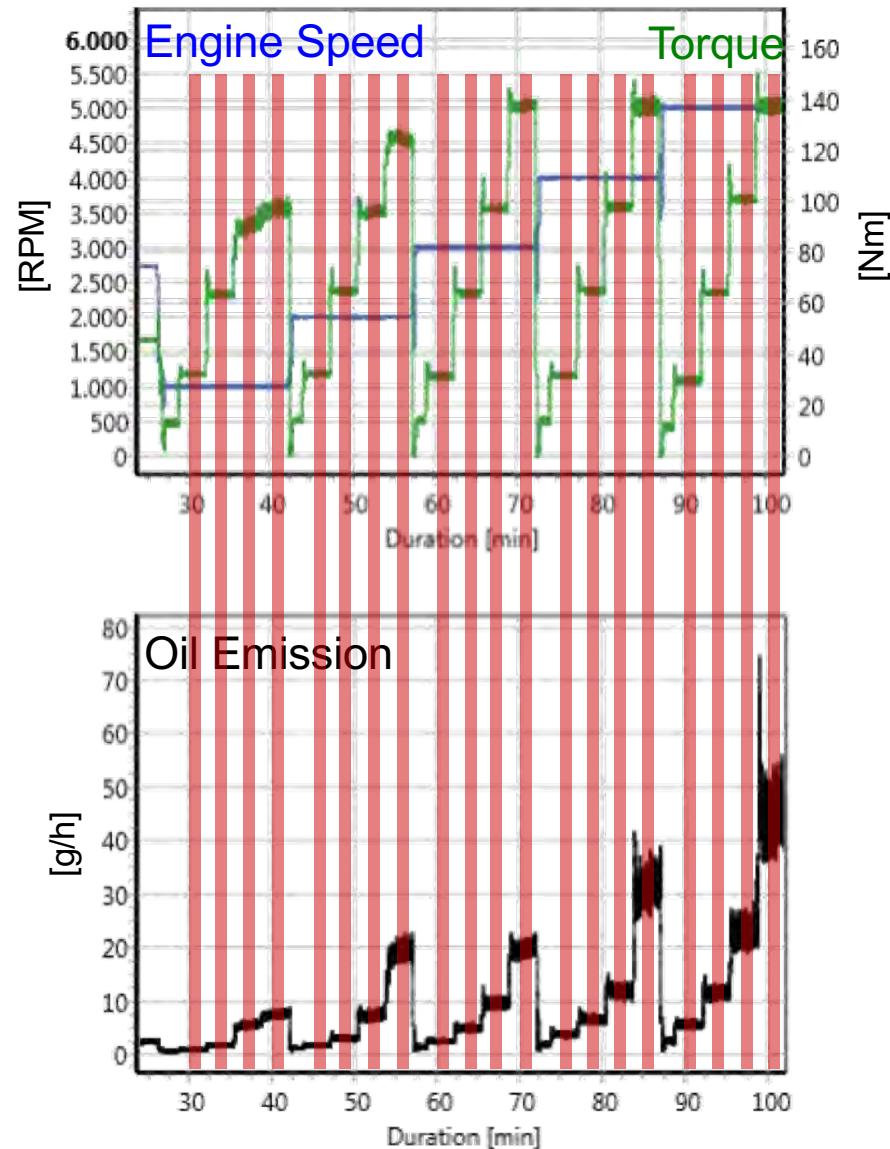


Engine Data and Calculated Results

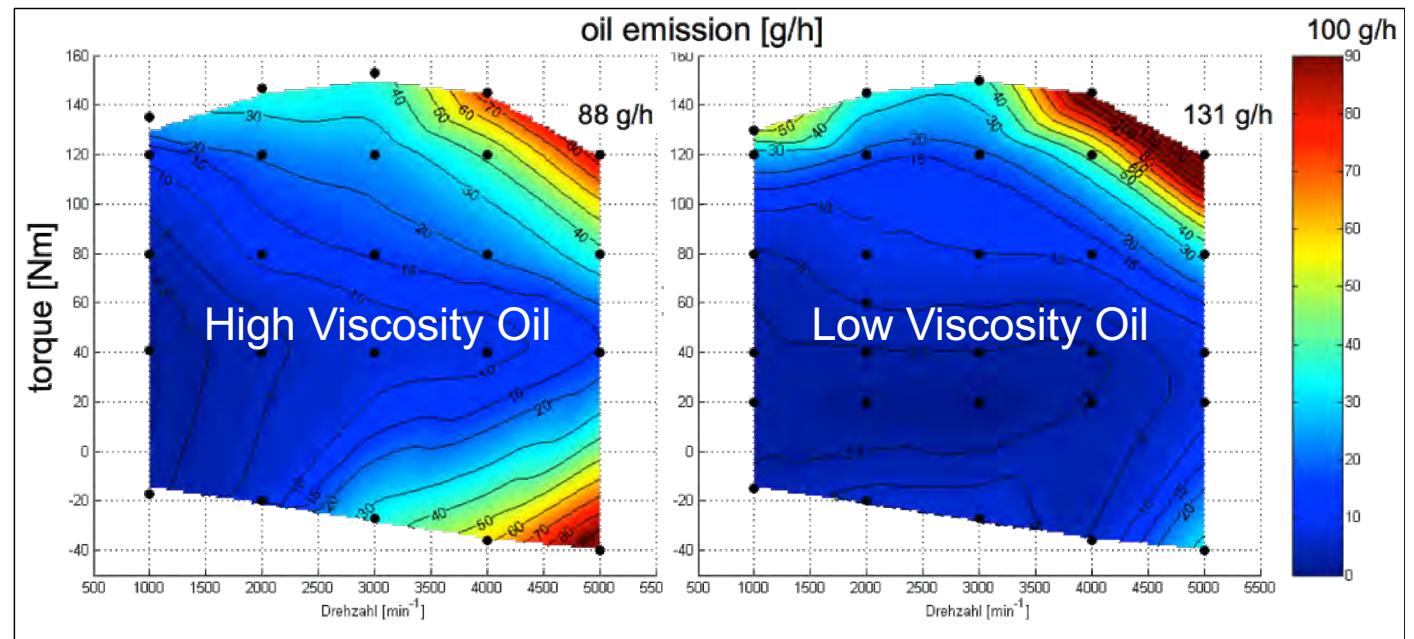
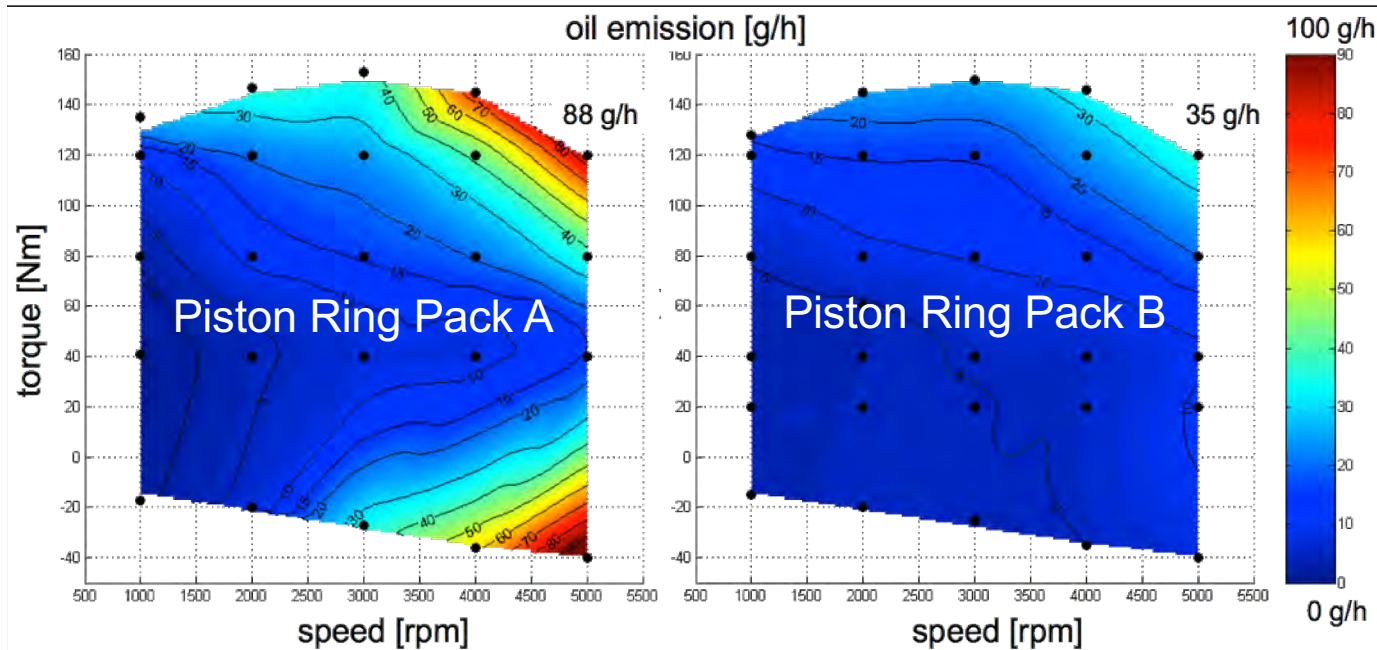


LUB360 Typical Applications

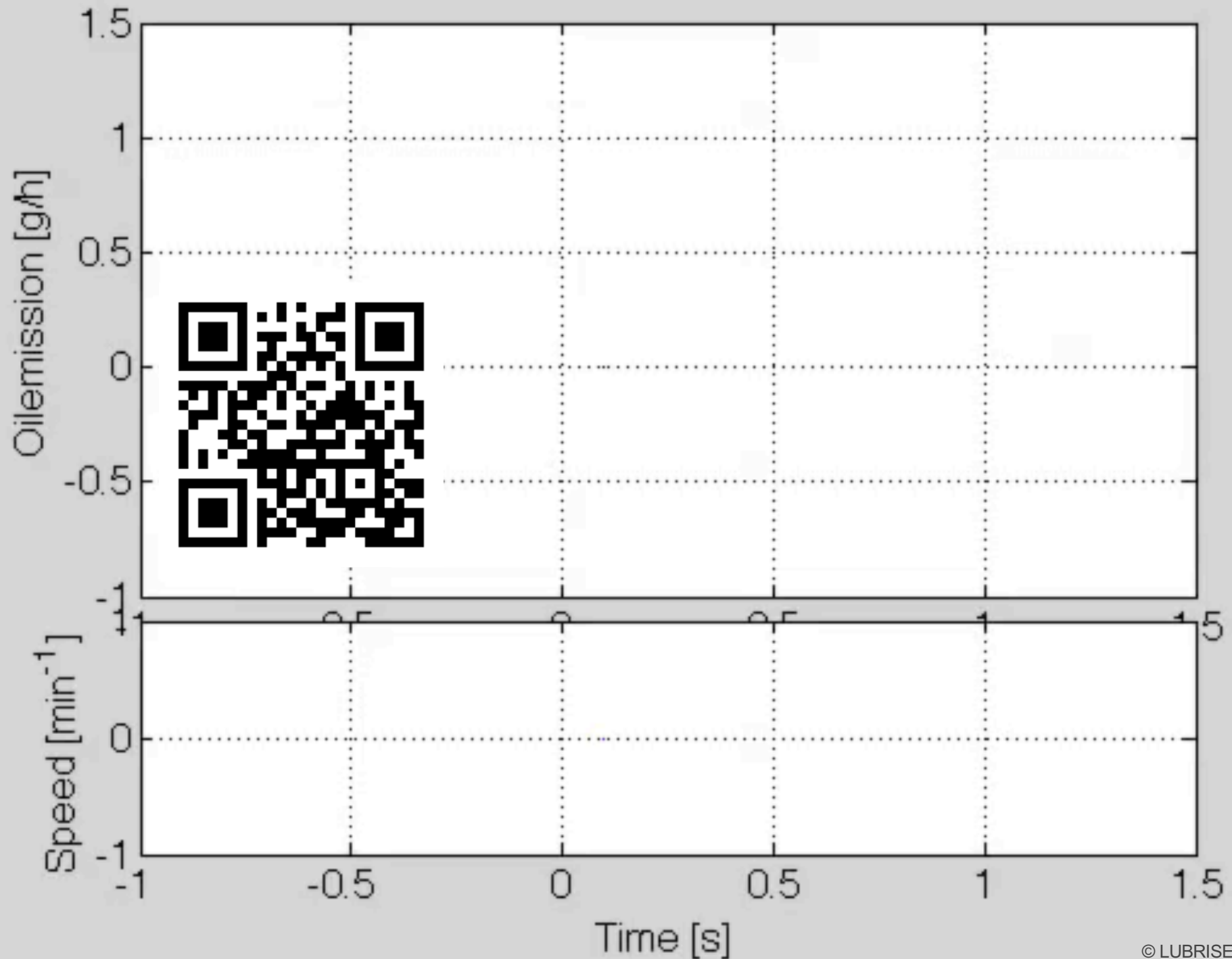
Steady State Operation / Oil Emission Map



Oil Emission Maps

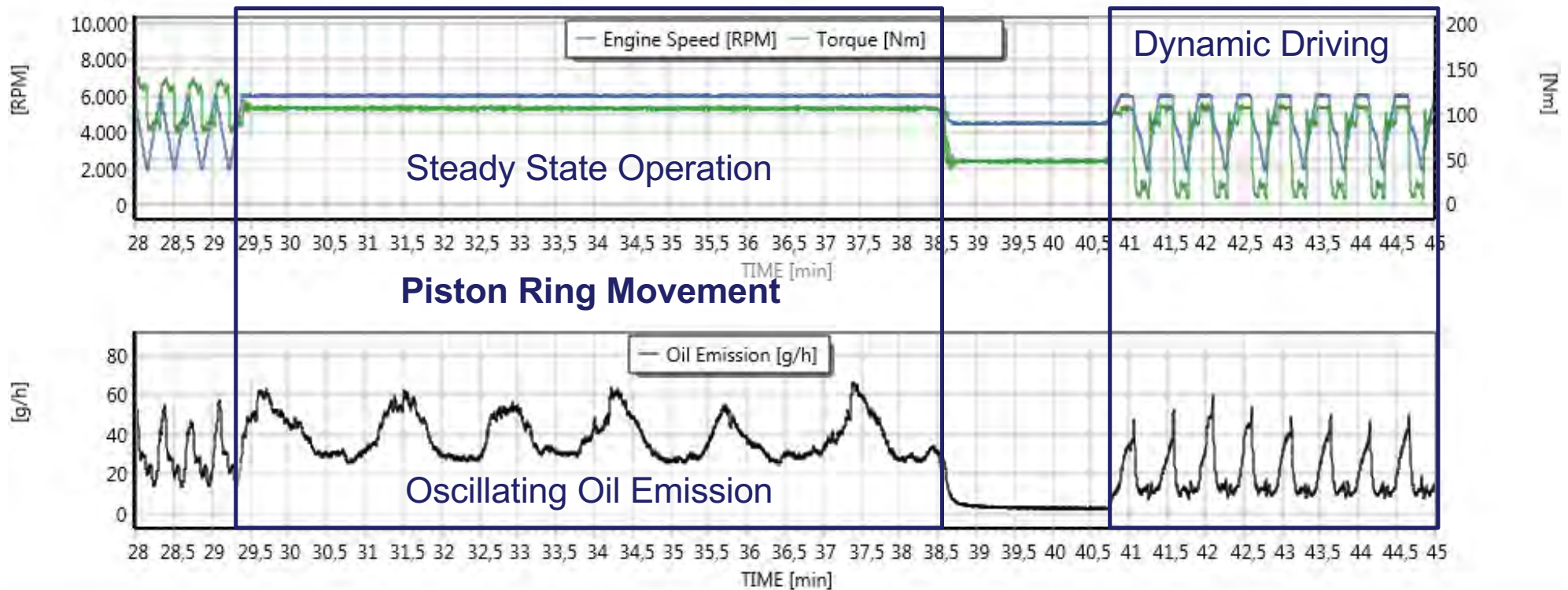


steady state vs. dynamic oil emissions



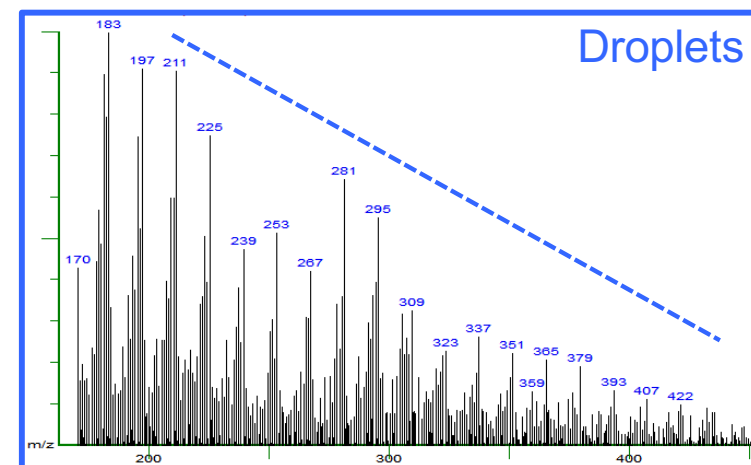
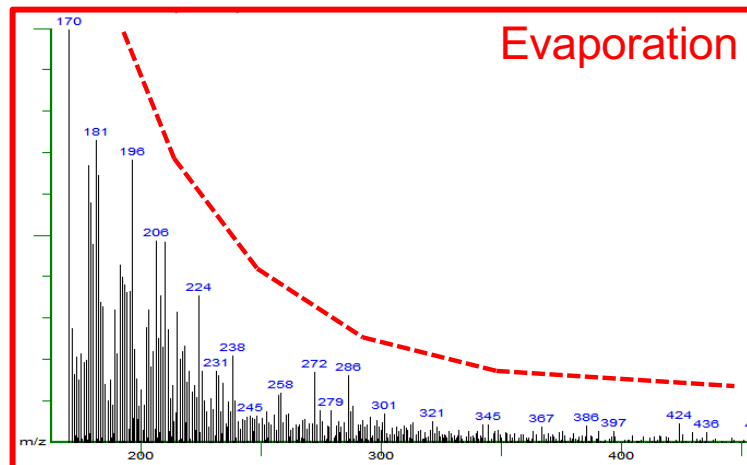
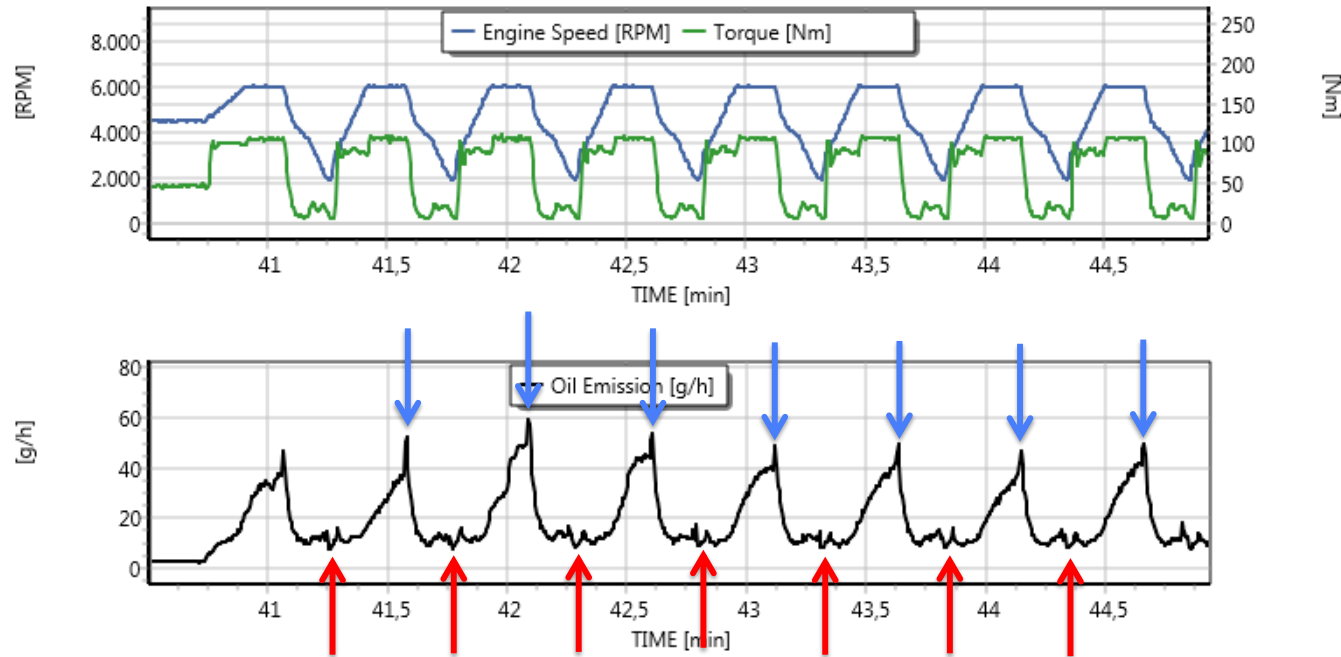
Dynamic Effects in Oil Emission

Steady State / Dynamic Driving

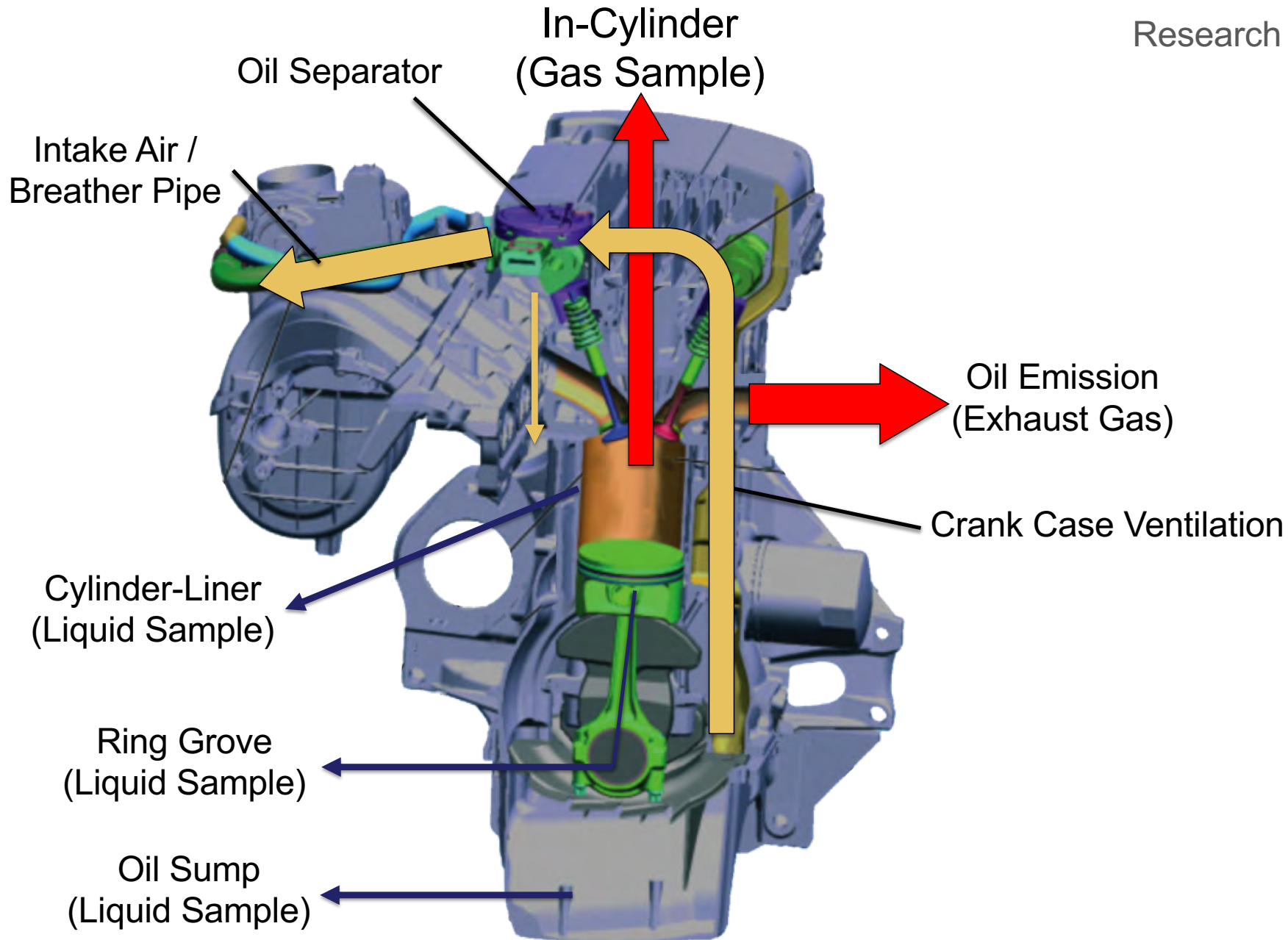


Dynamic Effects in Oil Emission

Different Emission Mechanisms







2014 – Tools for the Development of the Mechanical Components of Turbochargers

MTZ worldwide, July 2014, Volume 75, Issue 7-8, pp 12-17

Authors B. Kehrwald, A. Jäger, M. Sailer, J. Hadler

Source: Springer Automotive Media Wiesbaden GmbH (2014)

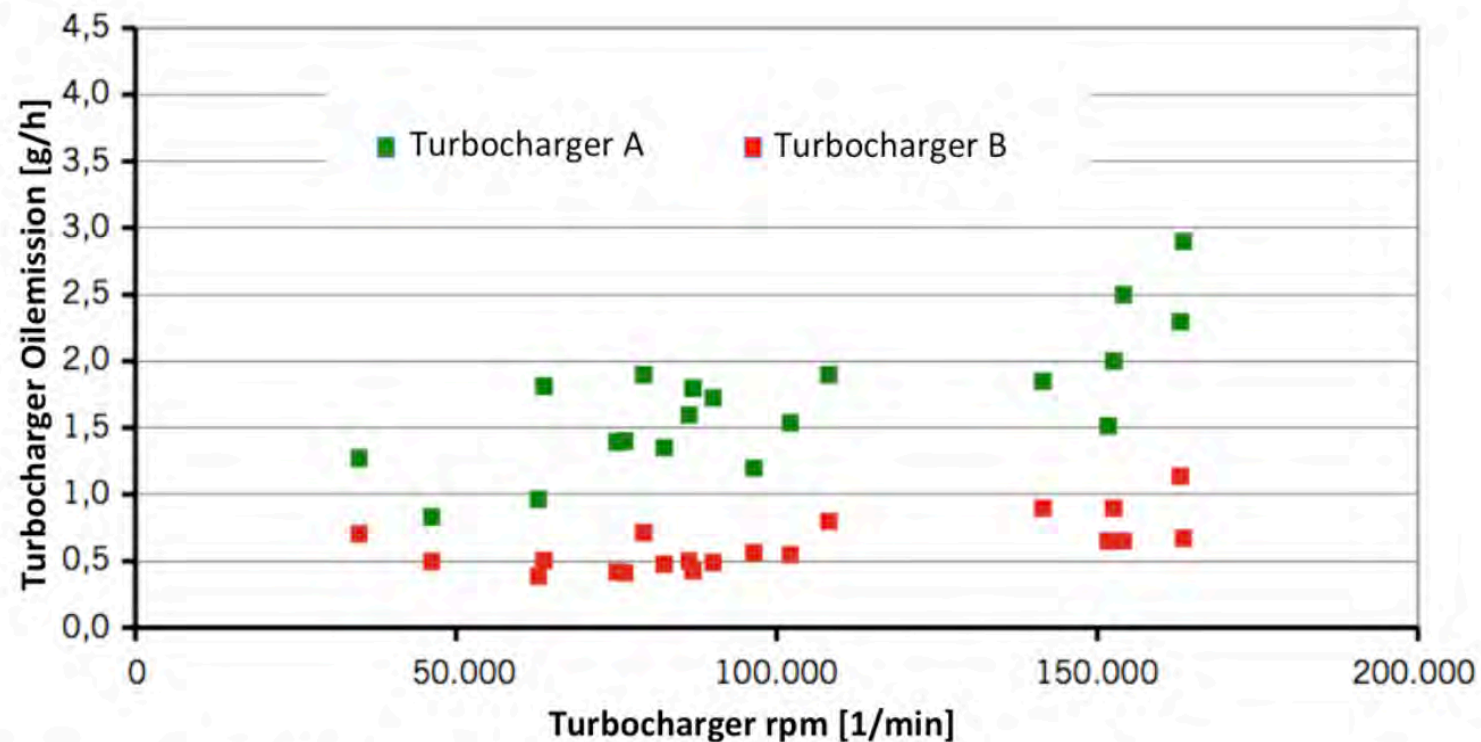


Figure 5 – Oilemission of different Turbocharger-Setups

2015 – Methods for the development of a RDE-capable powertrain

MTZ worldwide, June 2015, Volume 76, Issue 7-8, pp 32-37

Prof. Dr.-Ing. Jens Hadler, Dipl.-Ing. Christian Lensch-Franzen, Dr.-Ing. Marcus Gohl, Dr.-Ing. Carsten Guhr

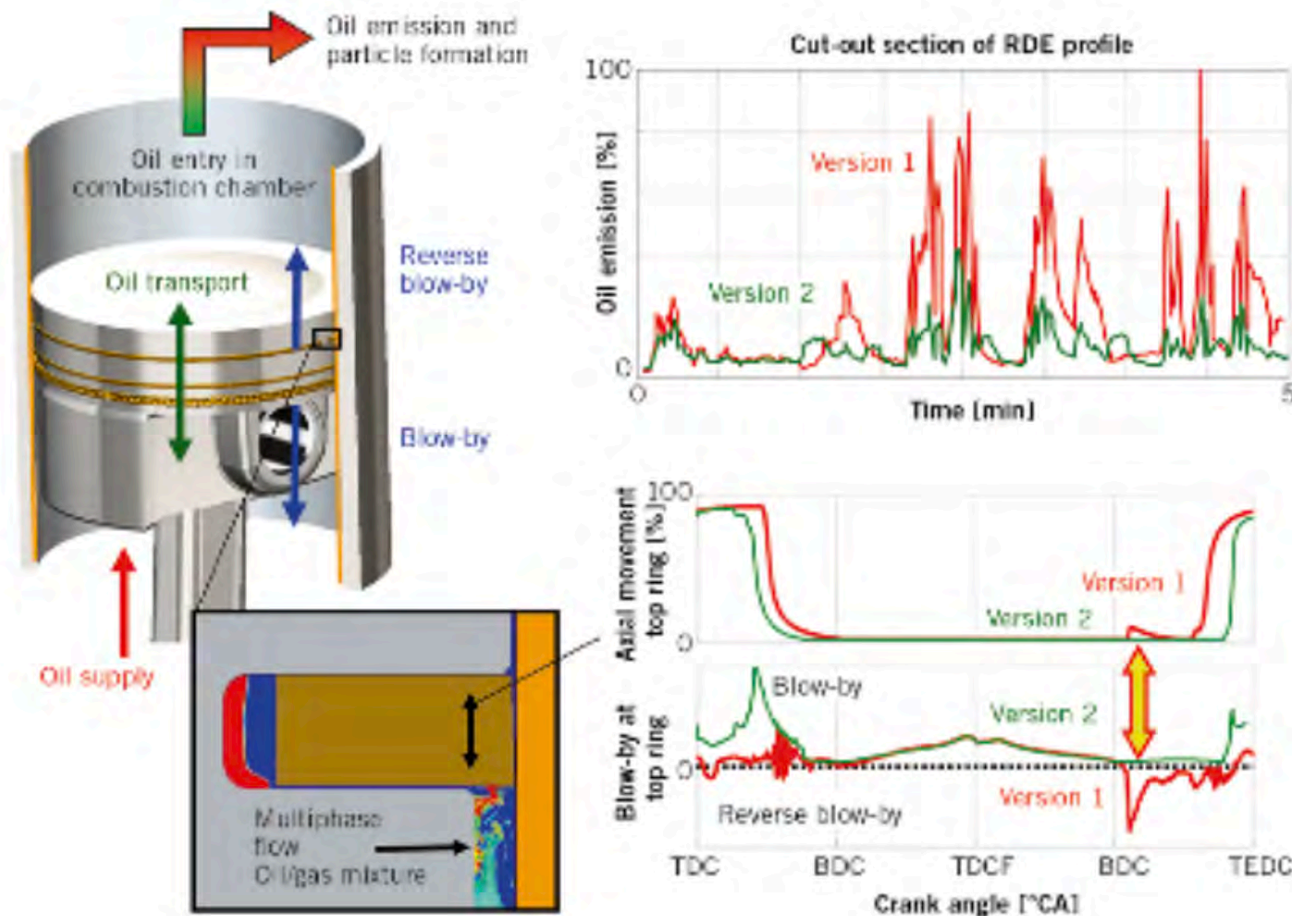
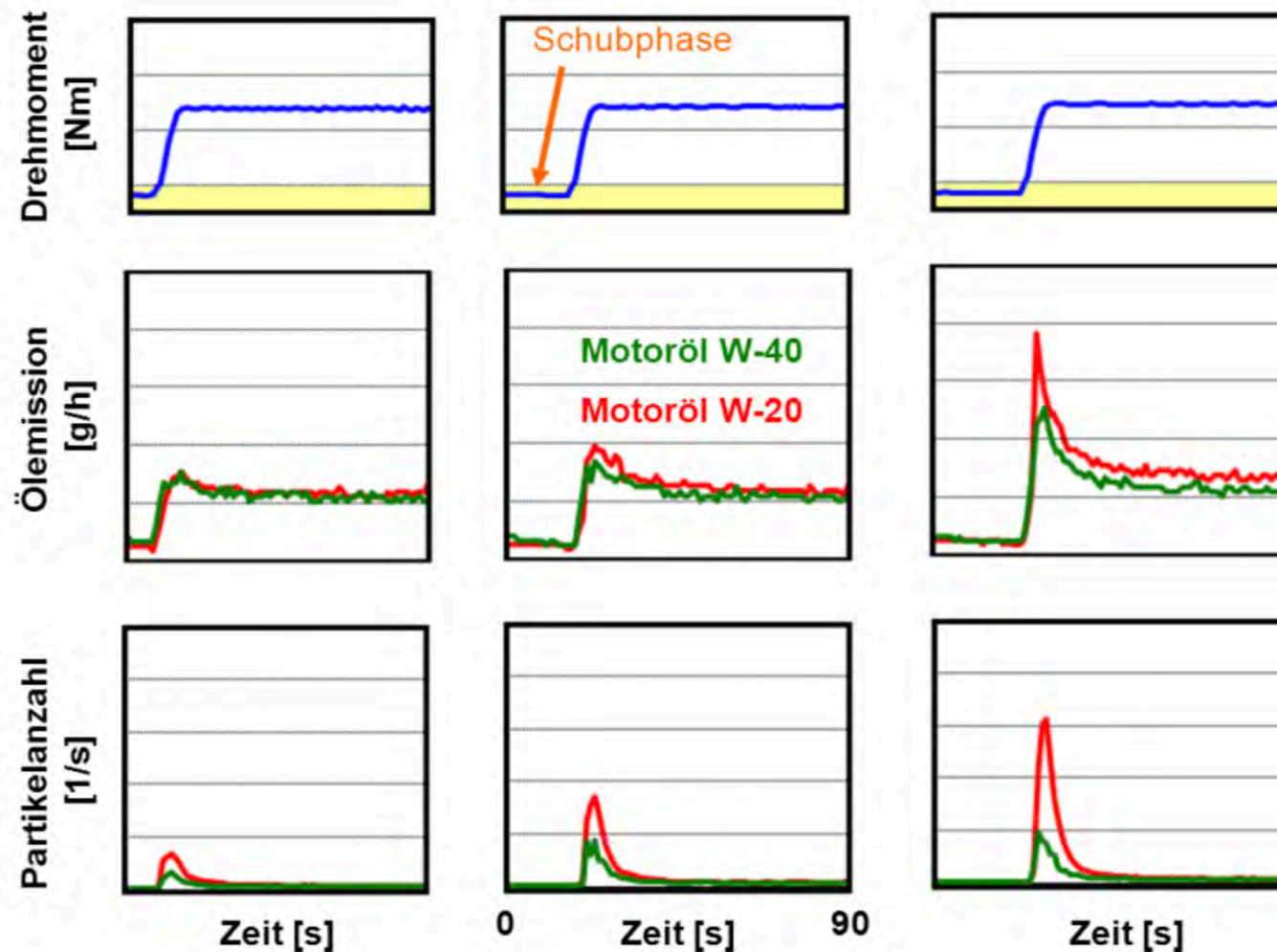


Figure 2 – Oil emission measurement and simulation of the functional group piston/piston ring/cylinder wall for optimisation

2015 – Emission Reduction A Solution of Lubricant Composition, Calibration and Mechanical Development

MTZ worldwide, August 2015, Volume 76, Issue 9, pp 30-33

Prof. Dr.-Ing. Jens Hadler, Dipl.-Ing. Christian Lensch-Franzen, Dr.-Ing. Marcus Gohl, Dipl.-Ing. Tobias Mink



The influence of piston drain holes on the oil emission off a turbo charged gasonline engine

Dipl.-Phys. **I. Papadopoulos**, MAHLE International GmbH, Stuttgart
Dr.-Ing. **A. Frommer**, MAHLE GmbH, Stuttgart
Dr.-Ing. **R. Künzel**, MAHLE International GmbH, Stuttgart



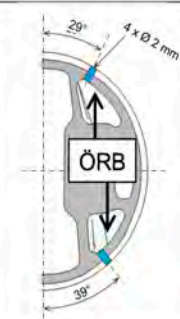
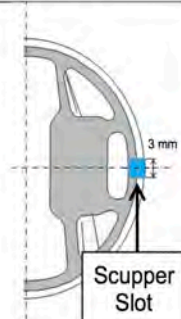
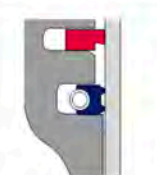
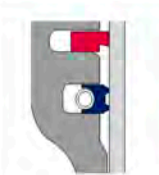
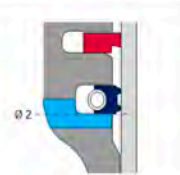
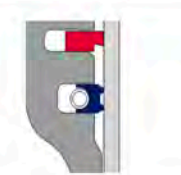
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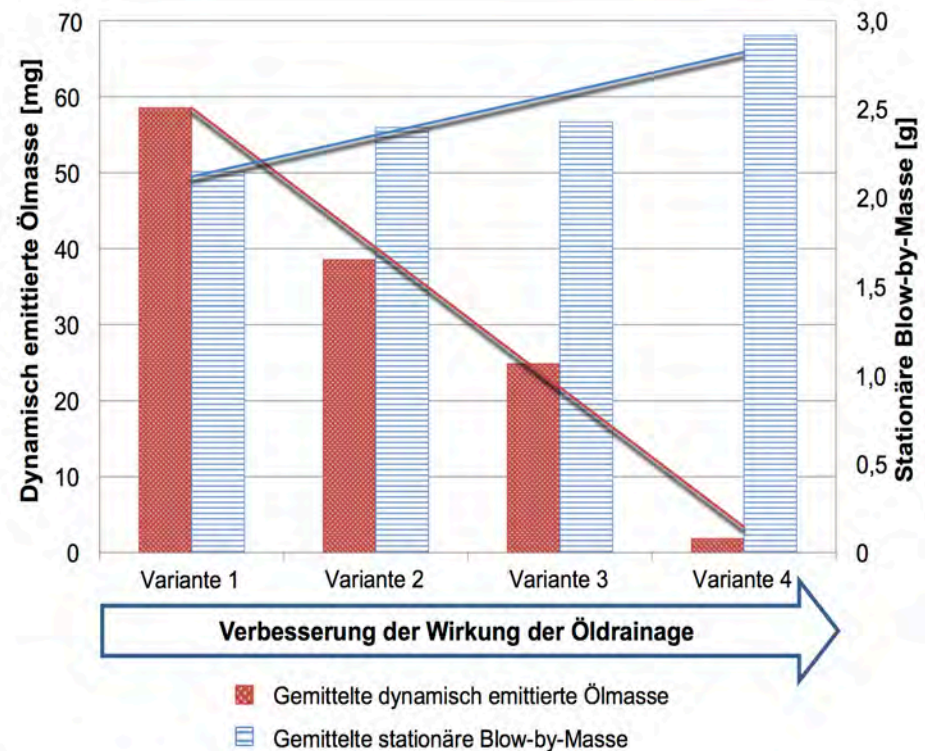
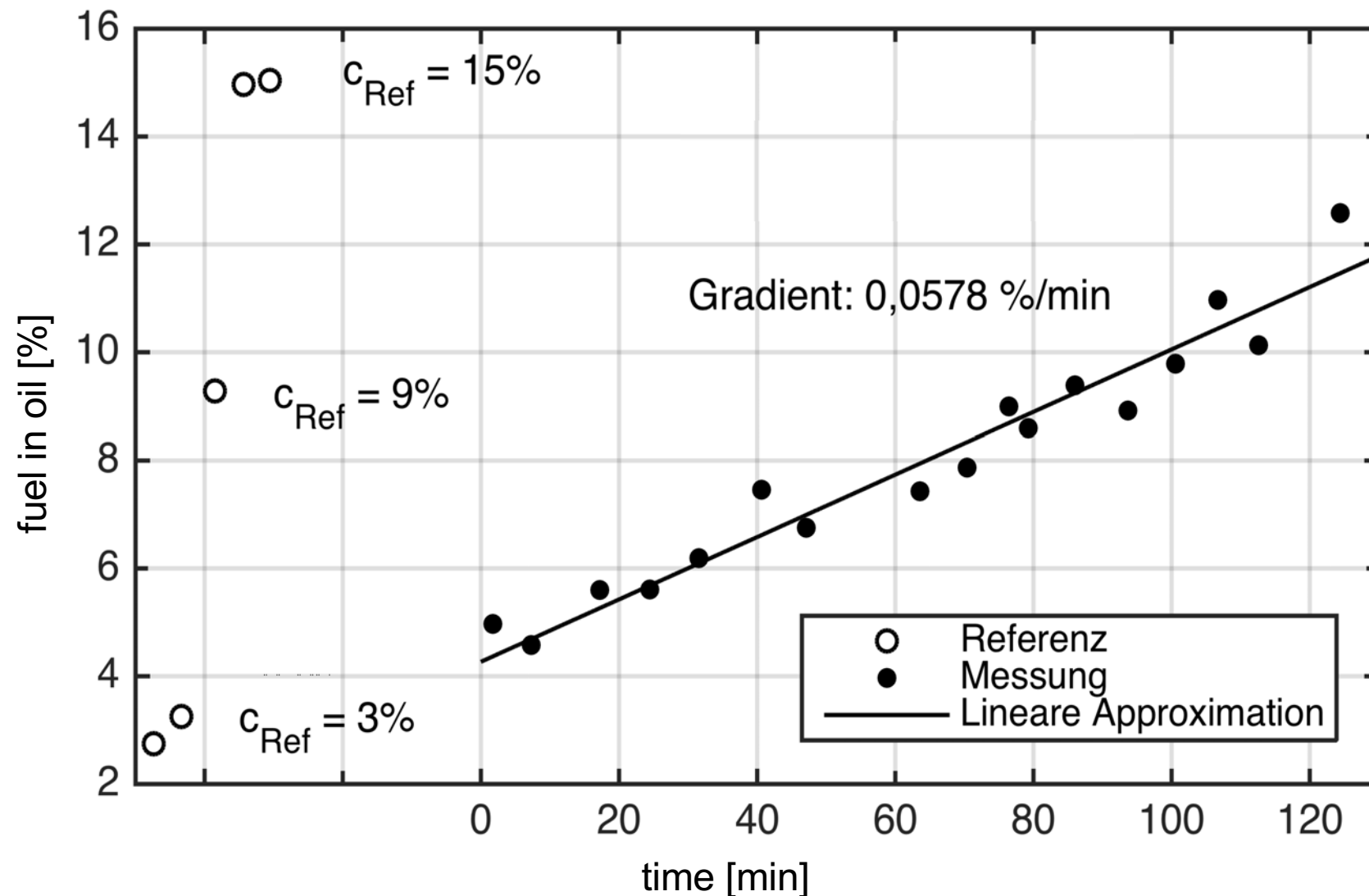


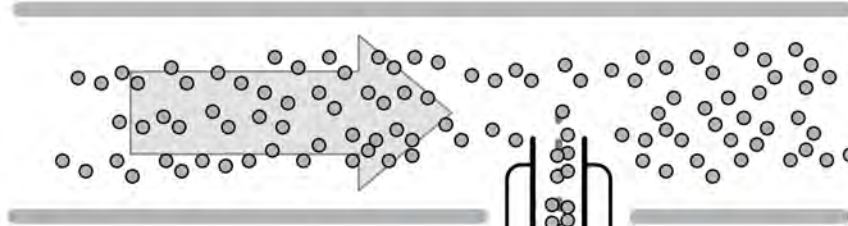
Bild 11: Graphische Darstellung der dynamisch emittierten Ölmasse und der stationären Blow-by-Masse, gemittelt über alle Betriebspunktwechsel mit positiver Laständerung des transienten Prüflaufprogramms

2015 – Fuel in Oil

Investigation of the fuel lubrication oil interaction on oil dilution during particulate filter/ NO_x storage catalyst regeneration

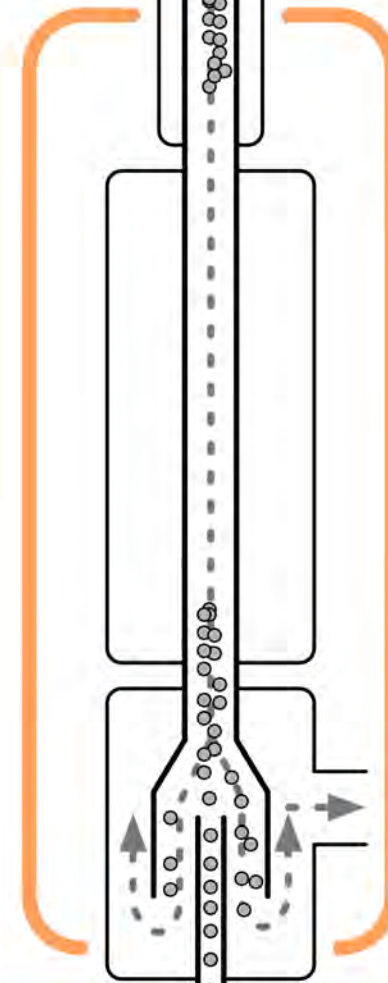


Exhaust Manifold



Inlet velocity
 $v = 50 - 100 \text{ m/s}$

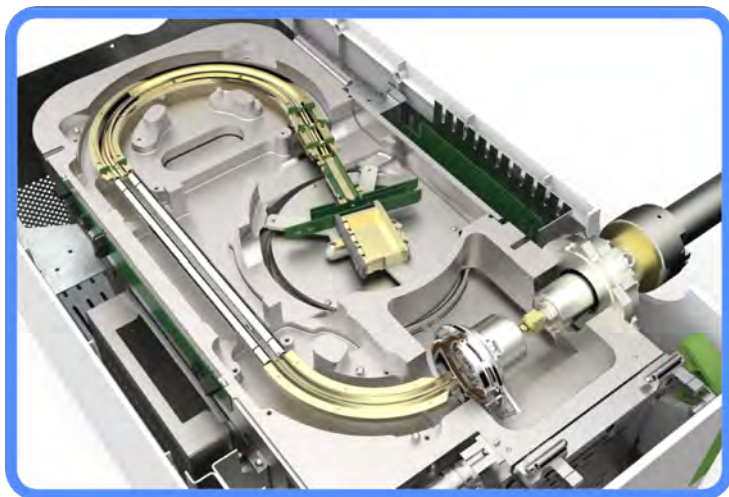
Total transfer time
 $t \sim 40 \text{ ms}$



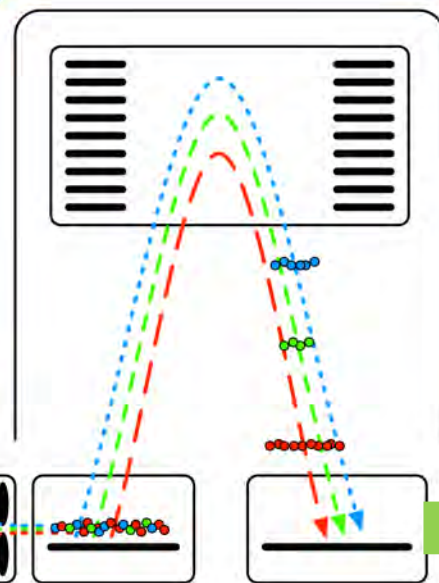
to Pump

to MS



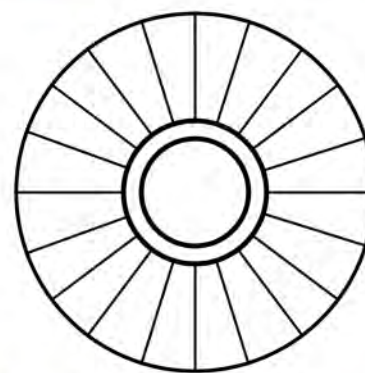


Time of flight
mass filter (TOF)



Ion
source

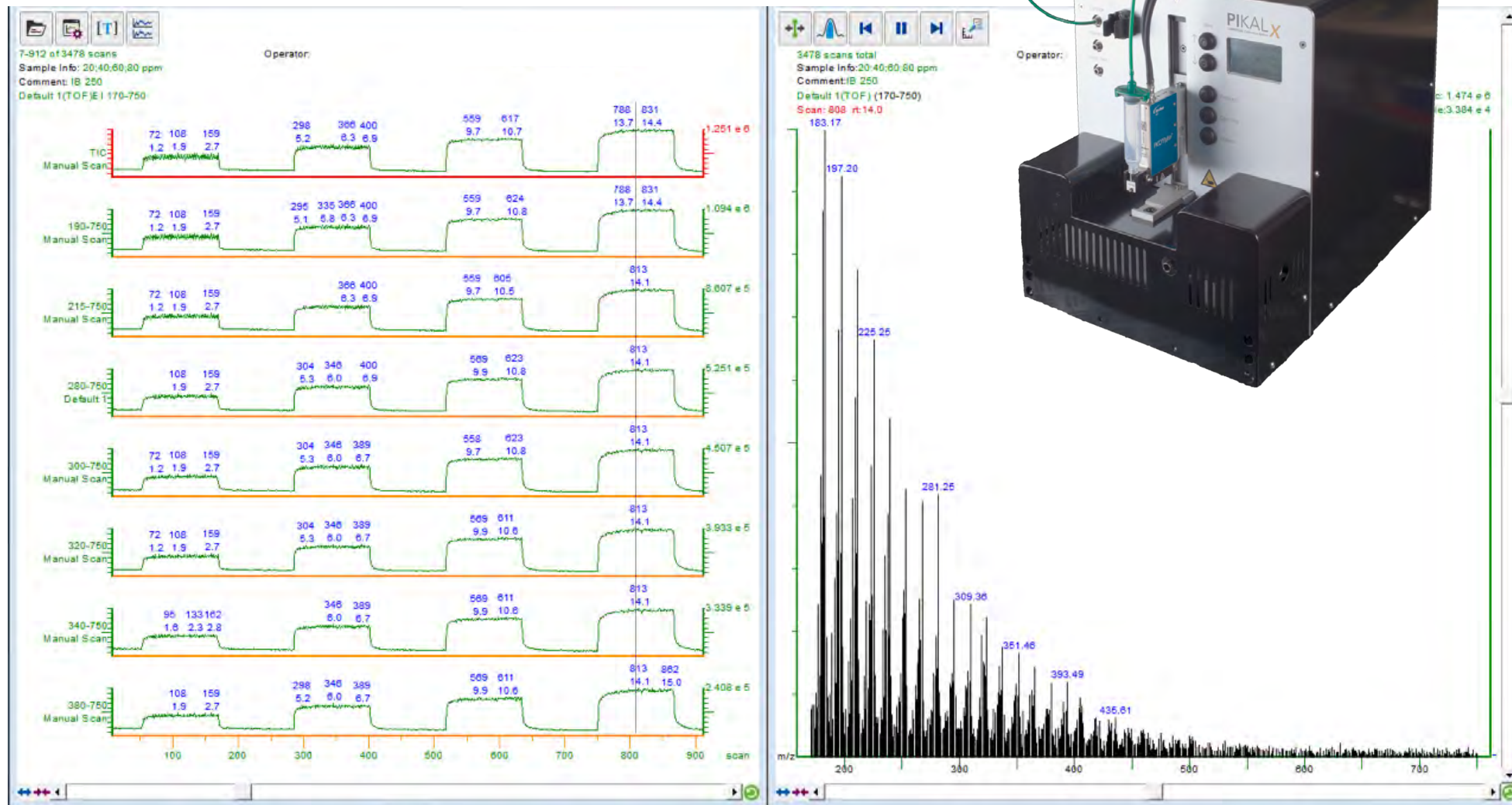
mass spectrometer



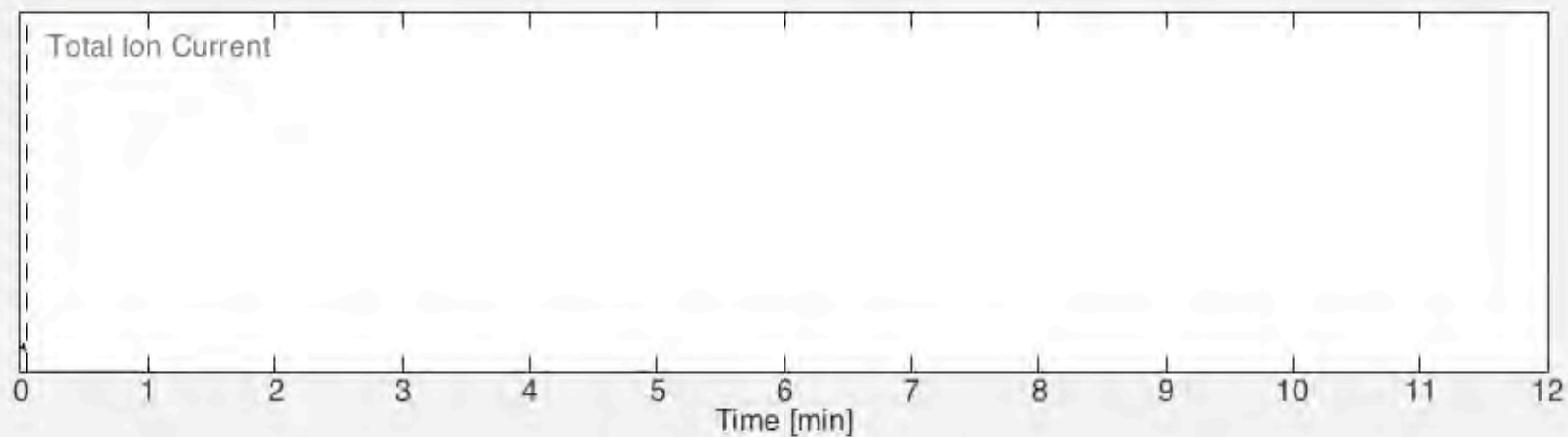
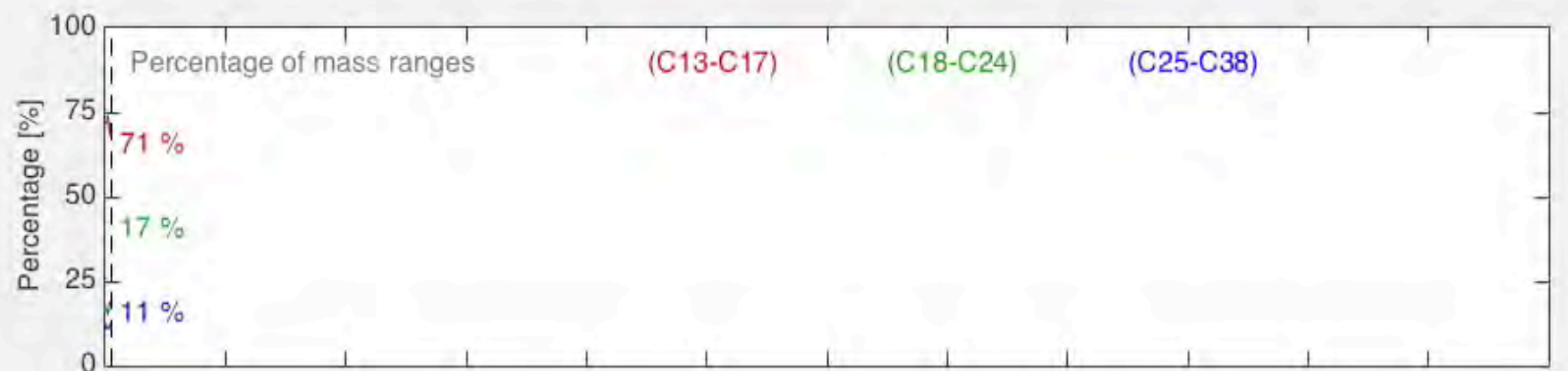
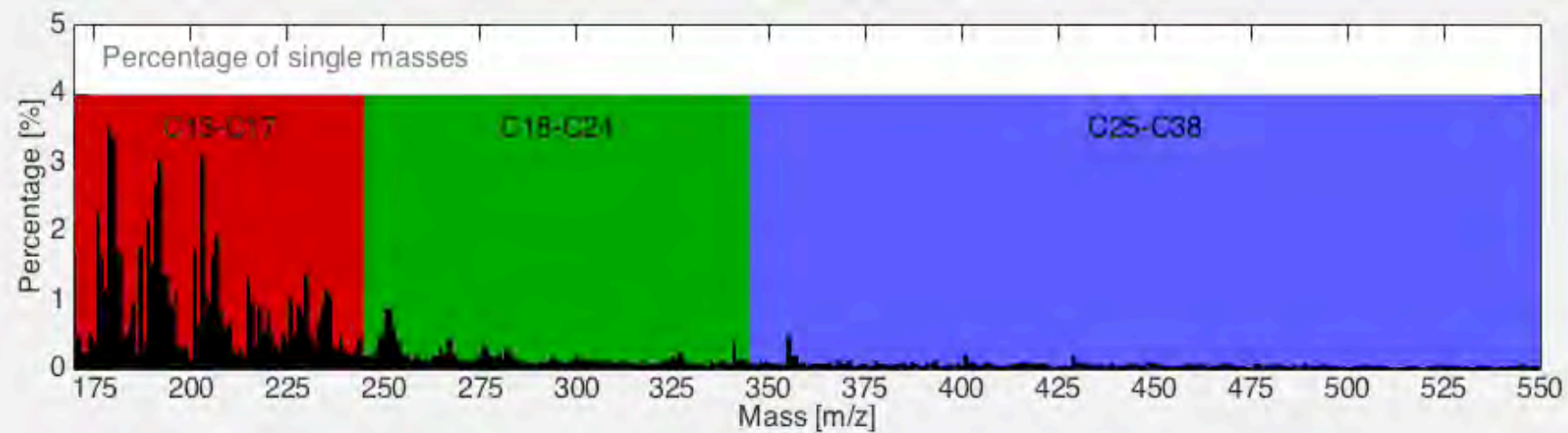
OIL

quadrupole mass filter

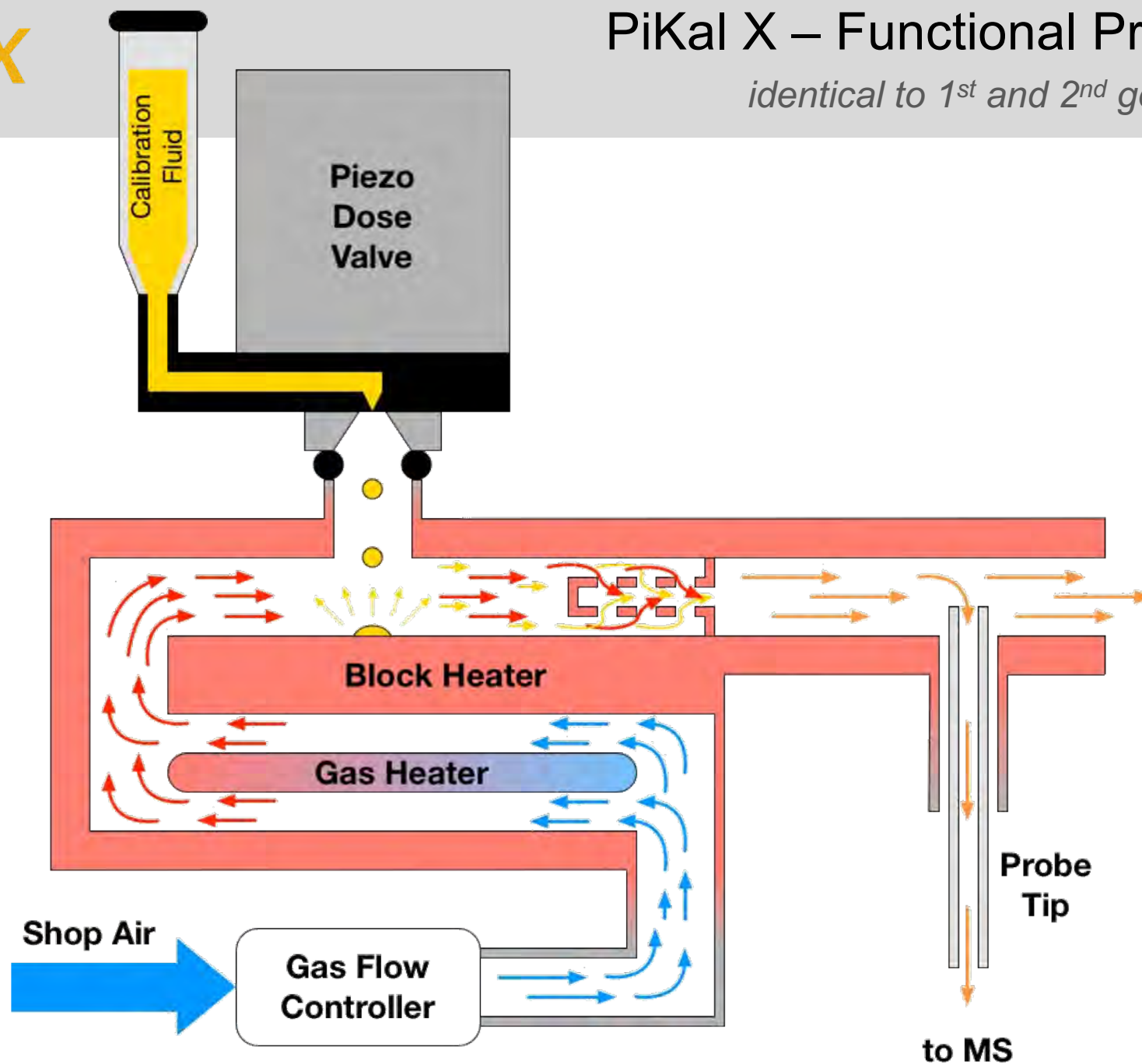
PikalX Calibration



20, 40, 60, 80 ppm

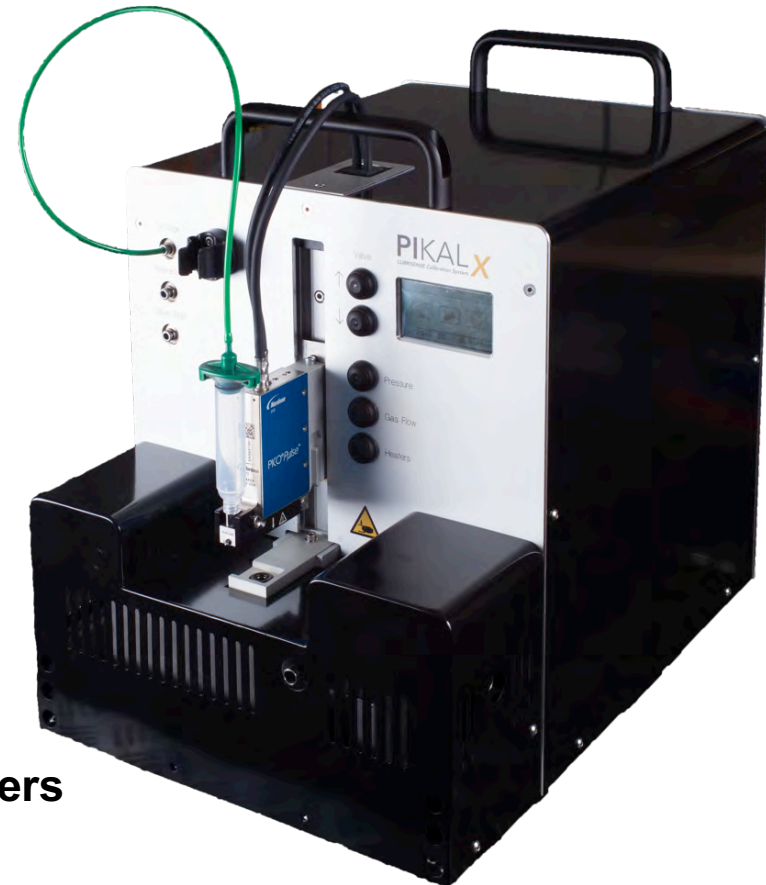




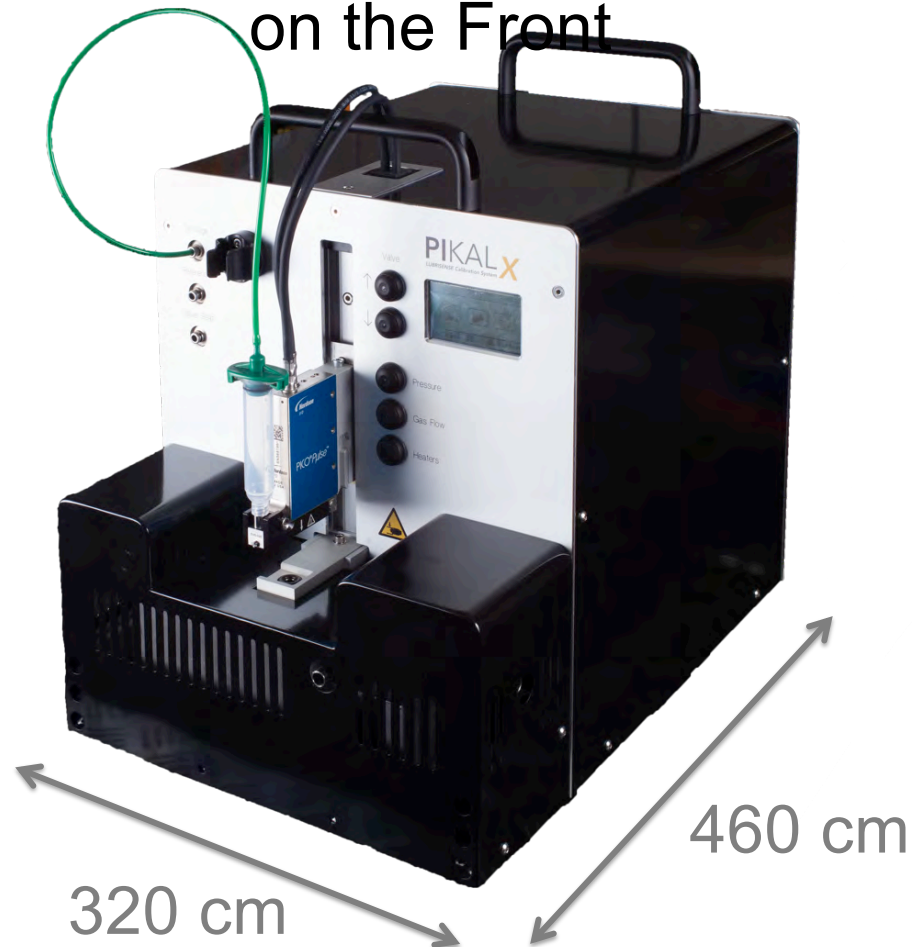


New Features

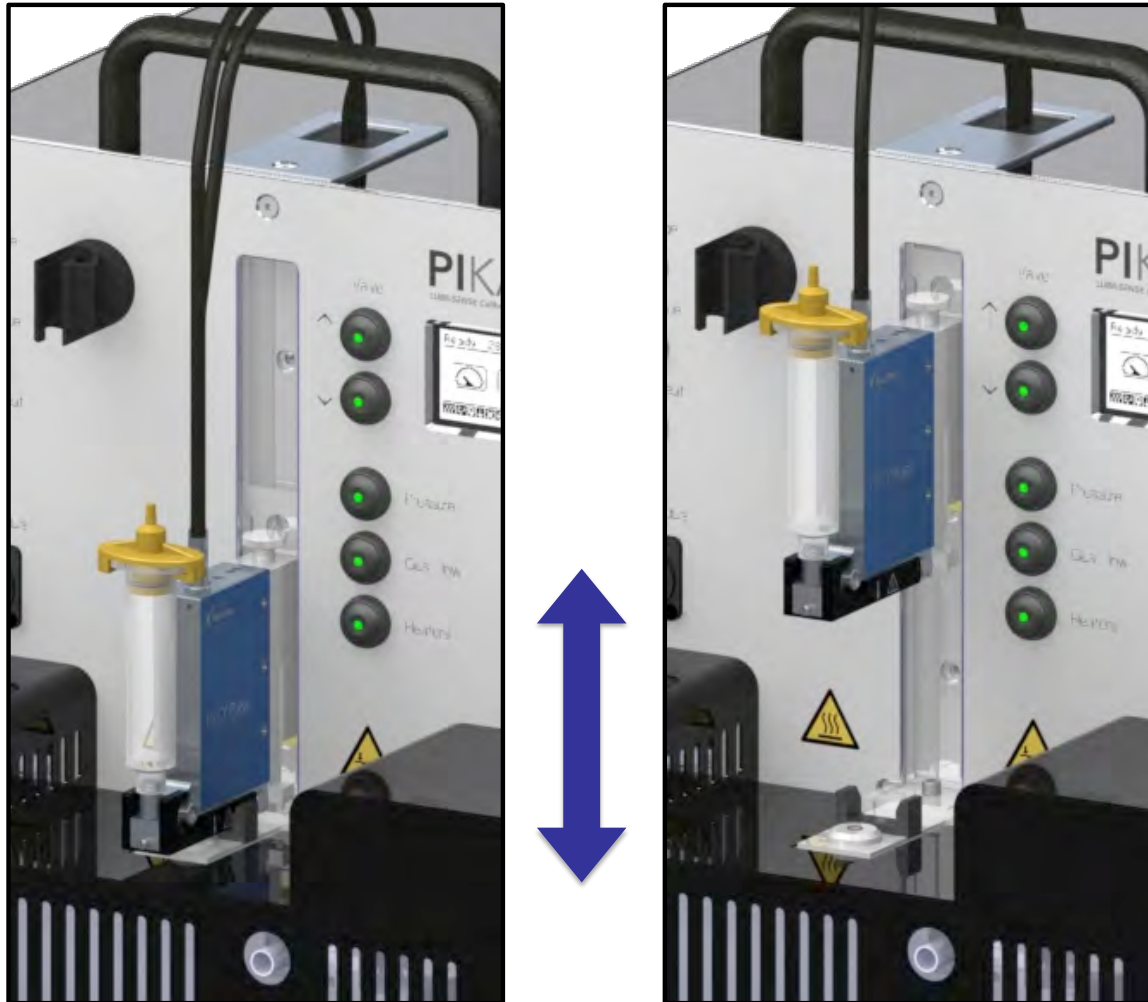
- **Smaller Footprint and ‘One-Side-Access’**
easier use | mountable onto LUB360 Trolley
- **Push Buttons and Touch Panel Display**
versatile control directly at the unit
- **New Piezo Valve Design**
easier to vent and clean
- **Automated Piezo Valve Lift**
less user intervention | easier droplet weighing
- **Digital Flow and Pressure Regulator**
easy to adjust | more stable operation
- **Integrated in iQT Driver Software**
no extra software required | seamless workflow
- **Controlling and Logging of all System Parameters**
widely automatable | easier troubleshooting



Controls and
Evaporation Unit
on the Front



Piezo Valve moves
up / down automatically



Special vial holder
for droplet weighing



LUB360 Specifications

LUB360

System Specification

(Base Version without UPS and AC, 115VAC)



General	Dimensions (L x W x H)	930 x 580 x 1720 mm (without covers) 1100 x 715 x 1720 mm (with covers)	
	Weight	200 Kg (without covers)	
Installation	Installation	trolley with 4 lockable wheels, stationary during system operation indoor operation only, no excessive exposure to liquids, smoke, corrosive fumes, dust, direct sunlight or vibration	
	Ambient Temperature (operational, no A/C)	°C / F	18 ... 28 / 64 ... 83
	Relative Humidity	%	20 ... 80
Power Supply	Power Supply	2 single phased, separately fused AC power lines	
	Power Line A (Mass Spectrometer) Power Line B (Control Unit)	100...115 VAC, max. 20 A, typical 750 VA 100...115 VAC, max. 20 A, typical 1150 VA	
Data Acquisition	Connection	optical data line, max. length 150m	
	Acquisition rate	Hz	3 (typical), max. 10
	Molecular mass range	m/z	10...1200
	Ion source type	Electron ionization	
	Mass filter type	Time of flight	
	Analog input	-10...10 V (12x)	
Sampling Line	Temperature input	Type K Thermocouple (4x)	
	Probe Tip Diameter	mm	6
	Probe Tip length into exhaust line	mm	160, 350
	Transfer line length to mass spectrometer	mm	1000, 1500, 2000
	Height of mass spectrometer inlet from floor	mm	1025

PIKAL^x

LUBRISENSE Calibration System

System Specification



General	Dimensions of base unit (L x W x H)	490 x 325 x 445 mm	
	Weight of base unit	25 Kg	
Installation	Installation	Base unit for standalone use or installation on top of LUB360 trolley indoor operation only, no excessive exposure to liquids, smoke, corrosive fumes, dust, direct sunlight or vibration	
	Ambient Temperature	°C / F	10 ... 40 / 50 ... 104
	Relative Humidity	%	20 ... 80
Supply	Power Supply	1 single phased, separately fused AC power line 115 VAC, max. 10 A or 230 VAC, max. 6 A	
	Gas supply	Clean, dry air or nitrogen Min. 3 bar (44 psi), max. 7 bar (101 psi)	
Control	Data Connection	USB 2.0	
	Calibration control, Data Acquisition Setup	Integrated into LUB360 control software In LUB360 control software or on system touch panel	
Calibration	Calibration Method	Fluid evaporation in hot gas flow	
	Fluid dosage	Piezo valve with ceramic valve seat	
	Gas flow	nl/min	2 ... 50
	Fluid pressure	mbar	100 ... 2900
	Evaporation temperature	°C / F	Typical: 280 / 536, max. 450 / 842
	Calibration Fluid	Typical: 1 ... 10 % of target substance in cyclohexane	
	Concentration range	ppm	Typical: 1 ... 300

LUB360 Features

no tracer required

high detection strength

high speed measurement

deep insight

easy operation

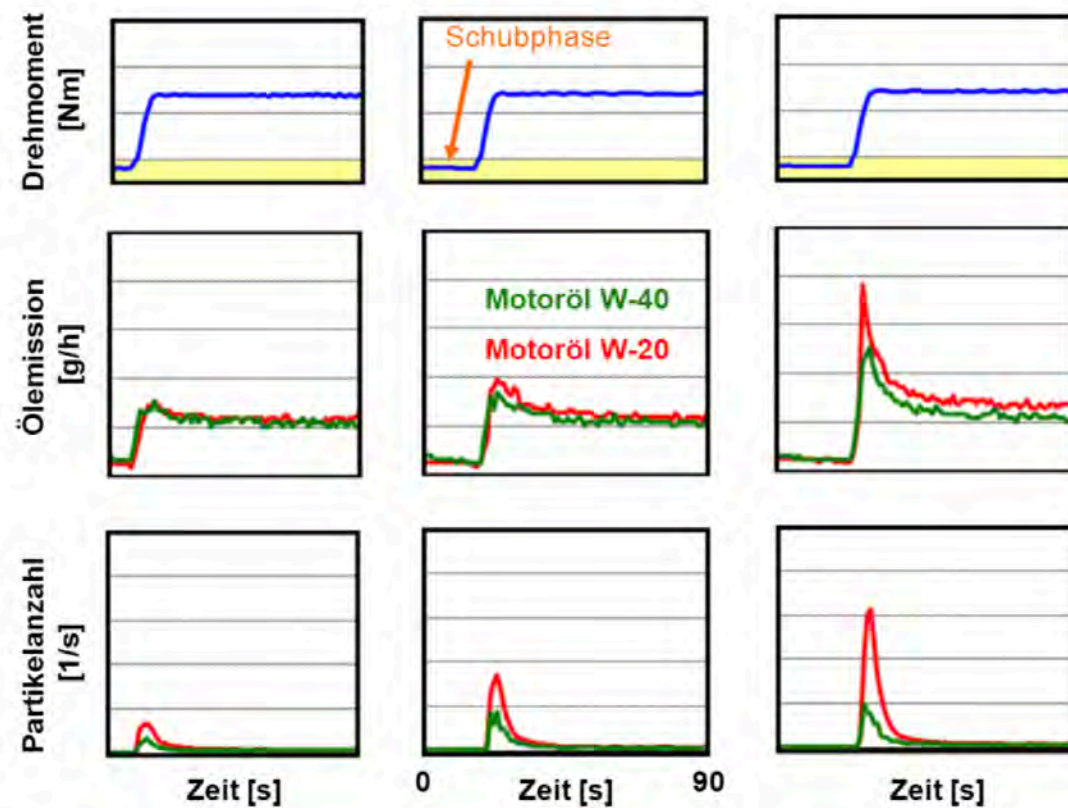


2015 – Emission Reduction A Solution of Lubricant Composition, Calibration and Mechanical Development

Results

MTZ worldwide, August 2015, Volume 76, Issue 9, pp 30-33

Prof. Dr.-Ing. Jens Hadler, Dipl.-Ing. Christian Lensch-Franzen, Dr.-Ing. Marcus Gohl, Dipl.-Ing. Tobias Mink



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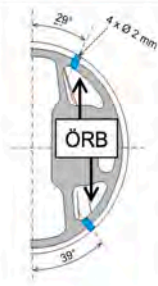
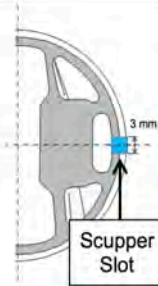

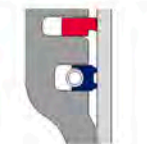
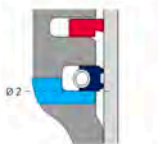

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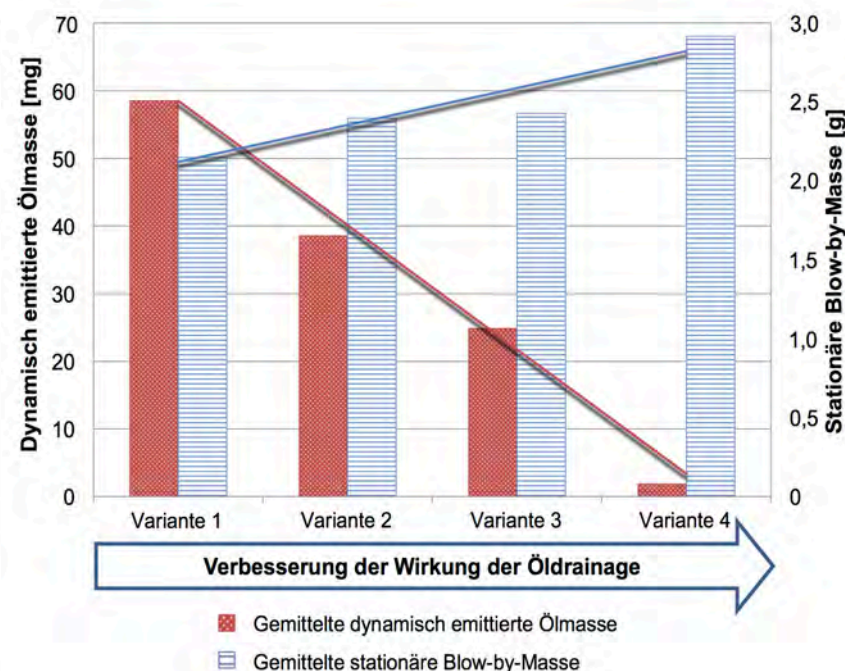


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QR Code

